

rooted into wretchedness, but unshifting his position—excepting now and then a heavy rolling of his monstrous, ragged head, to bring his lowering eyes in range with the speaker, to gaze steadily and sternly awhile, and then they glare again in darker indignation. These malignant and sinister rays, in his place, nervously strike to the day of a sympathetic Senator, for displace a rattle-brained Green, popping up with uncertain motions which make him in folly, subside again into slumber, as if he were a child slung into a saddle; obese Bigler, cowardly as a traitor, approves the argument, but is terrified at the application; cantharides Fitch, rigid as granite, and incurable, glares fiercely into the future, and loyes no man in that grand chamber; Davis and Wigfall—where are they? Is their absence deliberate?

THE AUDIENCE.
Besides the great audience in the galleries, which were packed in the seats and aisles until the chamber overflowed and hundreds were excluded, the ante-rooms were thronged with the wives and daughters of Senators, and the lobbies mobbed with privileged characters. Five Judges of the Supreme Court, and many of the most distinguished men of the nation, were present. Hon. Thos. Ewing sat in profound attention; and Judge McLean, who is overwhelmed with anxiety, sat in full view, nodding his head with approval throughout the speech.

EFFECT OF THE SPEECH.
Southern men received the speech as if "spoken by authority." Unionists in the border States feared its influence because secessionists would misapprehend and misinterpret it. The most thoughtful conspirators were present in their remarks—it furnished them food for reflection. Iverson, Mason & Co. were hot, and writhed under it. Fitch, of Indiana, approved its leading doctrines. He says "maintain the Union." Douglas admires its boldness, but deprecates its apparent uncompromising tone. Pugh does not like it. He is opposed to "coercion." Bright is sick, but he has expressed himself with his accustomed vehemence in favor of compelling obedience to the laws.

Republicans also differ in their judgment of the speech.
[Concluded to-morrow.]

The Daily News.

Saturday Morning, Dec. 29, 1860.

SECESSION ITEMS.

We devote, to-day, a large portion of our paper to the great question which is agitating the country from Maine to California, which forms the subject of discussion in every circle, from the halls of Congress down to the humblest fireside; and in comparison to which all other questions sink to mere nothingness. Southern political aspirants and reckless, unprincipled demagogues, are forcing the people of that section into a position from which they will and which must inevitably, sooner or later, result to them in financial, commercial and political ruin. Political revolutions, like all others, are over-ruled by the great Father and Maker of us all. He it is who will say to all these distracted elements—Thus far shalt thou come, and no farther. The North, or those States who have arrayed themselves on the side of right and justice in opposition to wrong, injustice and oppression, will come out of this contest, whatever may be its nature and extent, gainers in a moral, political and financial point of view. From her ample industrial resources she must eventually, as she has done before, recover from this blow aimed at her by those who are seeking her overthrow.

The New York Tribune says the Nullifiers have now virtual control of every Slave State but Delaware, Maryland, and possibly Missouri. Some of them, it is true, are reluctant to plunge into the black gulf, but the pressure brought to bear upon them is very great, and they will ultimately yield to it. Not one of the Border Slave States, it thinks, really means to break up or break out of the Union; they are duped by Secessionists, who tell them that they have only to show a bold front, and the North will consent to a Slavery-Extension compromise, in order to save the Union. They are simply raising the high banner. But the master-spirits mean treason, and nothing short. If they can rope Maryland into their coils, there will be an attempt to seize Washington City by force, proclaim a revolution, inaugurate a Pro-Slavery President, and undertake to hold the Federal City by the strong arm, compelling Mr. Lincoln to be inaugurated somewhere else, and to rule over no square inch of the Slave States that he does not fight for.

The comments of the English and French press upon the crisis in our affairs, are beginning to have their effect in the South, as may be seen by the following from the Richmond Enquirer:

European Aid.—Some of our southern cotemporaries have been thoughtless enough to entertain and express the hope that in the pending contest, the southern states will receive "material aid" in the shape of arms and supplies, if not of armies and navies, from some of the great powers of Europe. A little reflection will show what this sort of thing is worth.

There can be no doubt on the mind of any one who has spent any portion of his life in Europe, that the anti-slavery sentiment there, especially in France, and most especially in England, bears about the same relation even to the fanaticism prevalent in New England, that the pungency of nitric acid bears to the milder acidity of crab vinegar.

Any attempt of a British Ministry, for example, based on whatever considerations of commercial profit or material welfare, to expose the pro-slavery side of an interstate quarrel, would produce a vote of censure in the House of Commons, so immediately and decided as to throw the Ministry out of power before the lapse of twenty-four hours. The popular pressure, which so remorselessly converted the Island of Jamaica into a barren waste, would, with equal readiness, sacrifice the bread of a million British operatives rather than tolerate a step in the direction of governmental aid to a slaveholding power, in a contest involving the maintenance or abolition of slavery.

No. The hope of European aid to the South is an utter fallacy. Let us be heartily thankful that it is so. It is much better for us and ours that we can and must do our own fighting. Thank God! we are not so weak that we have cause to take shelter beneath the dangerous protection of a European monarchy.

The Arkansas State Gazette candidly acknowledges a changed mind. It says: "At one time, before studying the subject as fully as we have since, we thought that the States had the constitutional right to secede peacefully from the confederation. Reflection and study have brought us to a different conclusion. We do not think that the framers of the Constitution contemplated placing in it an element by which a single State could, at any time and for the most trivial reason, destroy the entire fabric of the government. We think the government was made for all time and all generations to come. So thinking, while we accord freely to all States and to all people, the sacred right of revolution by which they may throw off all bonds and cancel all obligations to tyrannical or oppressive governments, we cannot see any right to dissolve this Union but the right of revolution."

This is no time for politicians, who have brought the country to the condition she is in, to tell the people that they should clothe them (the same politicians) with power to go into a Convention and sever the connection of the State with the Union, and perhaps put an end to the existence of the government. If any movement be made, it should emanate from the people themselves. If our grievances are such that they cannot longer be borne, let the people raise the standard of revolt. But the people are aware of two things, and if left to themselves they will consider of them: If revolution and war come, the people will have to be taxed in untold amounts, to pay their accruing expenses; and the people will form the soldiers who will fight the battles, which must ensue. Hence politicians desire to precipitate revolution without consulting the people.

In the present emergency let the people speak for themselves—let the politicians who would urge them to disunion and the dread consequences of war, be content with the reflection (which should make them sadder if not better men) that they have brought the government to the condition it is in, and that they are not the doctors to relieve the ills brought on by their own quackery.

A constitutional monarchy is forcing it, though, as yet, it finds few advocates. The Richmond Whig says: "The squinting towards a constitutional monarchy is one of the signs of the times, at the South, worthy of notice. The almost anarchical rule of democracy—the license and licentiousness growing out of its radical ideas of popular right, and the utter disregard of law and order incident to a government of irresponsible majorities, have created distrust of our capacity for self-government, and disgust at the low vices of the masses, under the teachings of villainous demagogues. We have not, for years, entertained any other opinion than that the frequency of elections, an almost unlimited extension of the right of suffrage, and an elective judiciary, would prove the ruin of the government. We cannot agree, however, that the substitution of a monarchy is the rightful remedy for evils that grow out of abuses and misappreciation of the principles which lie at the foundation of republican liberty."

The people of Florida do not all approve the conduct of their representatives in refusing to serve on the select committee. The Pensacola Gazette says:

Florida is physically a very small state, and the moral and mental stature of some of her sons, whom she "delights to honor," corresponds admirably with her diminutive proportions. In the absence of originating talent, they are content to imitate others who they fancy great. They have taken for their model the ultraists of South Carolina, whom they consider the embodiment of all that is noble, patriotic, and chivalrous. Their attempts at imitation are really ludicrous. We have lately had an exhibition of this kind in Congress, which reminds us of the frogs and the ox. We would not be surprised any day to hear of a similar catastrophe in Washington, that would clothe our state in mourning. We are bottling up our tears, to act as chief mourners on the occasion.

The secessionists in Louisiana seem afraid to give the people a chance. The West Baton Rouge Sugar Planter, referring to the short time intervening between the issuing of the Governor's proclamation and the assembling of the convention, remarks: "The proclamation will hardly reach North Louisiana before the people will be called to vote. These men who seem determined to break up the Union, or have Louisiana a separate confederacy, are cunning in their scheme. Place the issue fairly before the people; let men vote after careful and mature deliberation, and the conservative vote will outnumber the 'precipitationists' by thousands."

The N. O. Picayune says:—We now find assurance made doubly sure that the south are ready for a southern convention; and if but a single state, with the influence of Virginia, Georgia or Louisiana, would call such a convention, representatives would assemble from most of the slave states. This convention is acknowledged by all to be necessary, but the immediate secessionists desire it to follow and not precede state secession. This is urged, simply because they have prejudged

the question—desire to go out of the Union—would now accept no terms, and are not satisfied, unless they can force their opinions upon all.

The Baltimore Patriot says:—We hold that it is impossible for the Federal Government ever to become so oppressive as to require its violent destruction. The proposition is an absurdity, on the very face of it, because the Federal Government is a creation of the people of the whole country over which it exercises authority, and it is always in the power of the people to change its administrators, or if that will not do, to change its form, or even to abolish its very existence, and that too, peacefully. Why not stick by the Union, then, to the end of time, and if there be any defects in its Constitution and laws, why not correct them in the way provided for?

Letter from Mr. Yancey.—The Hon. William L. Yancey is out in a letter, in which he says:

"No proffered compromises, no amendments to the Constitution, no proffered additional guarantees, can delay our action for independence a moment. There is no defect in our fundamental law; therefore it needs no alteration. The great defect in the Union is the public conscience and the education of the northern masses upon the slavery question, which begets an irreconcilable and irrepressible conflict between them and that institution, and of course between them and all constitutional provisions which protect that institution. When parties and rulers can control such conscience and eradicate such education, and can then propose new guarantees, it might be worth our while to pause and consider them; but not till then."

Mississippi Bonds.—The New Orleans True Delta says, a letter-writer who holds some of the repudiated bonds of Mississippi writes to a correspondent in that state, and urges him to go on for the separate independence of that state. He says in the Union the foreign bondholders have no means of enforcing payment from Mississippi by those arguments which one independent state presents sometimes with great effect to another. In the Union they cannot get at her; but the moment she declares her independence, this matter is placed in a very different position, and she may be made to do justice to her creditors.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS.

FORETHOUGHT. In the Collector of this port, in the construction of a boat for the Brenton's Reef Lightboat a short time since, has been the means of saving three lives already, in the instance we gave in our paper of Thursday. It was suggested that in the construction of the boat, air-tanks were a superfluous fixture and might be dispensed with. Capt. Chase overruled the objection and had the tanks put in. The result has already proved the wisdom of the decision. Where men's lives are in the question, the expenditure of a few dollars, more or less, is a trifle. The situation of those young men on the bottom of that boat, was not one to be envied, certainly; but bad it was, it was one of comfort, compared to what it would have been had their boat sunk from under them, leaving nothing but certain death staring them in the face.

THE AVERAGE of the Perry's passengers at this season of the year, is not over twenty per day, and freight correspondingly dull. The income from this will go a great ways towards paying for sixteen tons of coal per day, to say nothing of the pay of the officers and crew. Mr. Kinsey must be making a vast deal of money, running his boat on such large profits.

NATHAN M. CHAFFEE, Esq., of this city, we see by the papers, has tendered his services to the State of South Carolina, or rather, we should say, the "Republic" of South Carolina. Nathan is some on plumbing, and our advice to him is that he stick to it and let those pesky Southerners fight their own battles. But then if he's bent on going, the sooner he gets there the better it will be for those where he is going. Shoulder—arms!

THE NEW ALARM BELL No. 2, has been duly installed in its place on the City Hall. It jingled a trifle, we thought, towards night yesterday, though nothing to speak of. We shall doubtless hear further from it to-day.

A RUSION exists that "F. W. S., of R. I." is about tendering his services to President Buchanan to squelch secession in South Carolina. We know of no man who could scatter those rascals more effectively, especially if they should happen to get to the leeward of him.

JAMES STEWART, Esq., Express Messenger for Kinsey & Co., will please accept our thanks for Boston papers in advance of the mail nineteen or twenty hours. After Uncle Sam has spooked South Carolina and sent her to bed, we shall ask him for an evening mail from Boston.

ON THE OUTSIDE, to-day, will be found some criticisms on Senator Wade's speech in the United States Senate, a few days since, a synopsis of which we gave in our columns at the time. The interest of the article will atone for the space it occupies. To-morrow we shall publish a southern criticism on the speech of Senator Wigfall of Texas. Our readers who were so forward to condemn the outspoken boldness of Senator Wade in his denunciation of Republican sentiment, will have an opportunity of placing the two side by side, to judge by the Southern criticism of the man and his harangue, which suffers by the comparison.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM CHARLESTON.

VOLUNTEERS POURING IN.

The Telegraph in the hands of Secessionists.

THE PUBLIC PROPERTY SEIZED BY THE POPULACE.

FORT MOULTRIE AND

Castle Pinckney

CAPTURED!

Charleston, Dec. 28.—Volunteers have been tendered to the Governor of Georgia and Alabama, and probably many companies will arrive to-morrow.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 28.
The Palmetto flag was raised yesterday afternoon over the Custom House and Post Office.

At 5 P. M., the Palmetto flag was raised at Castle Pinckney.

A large military force went over last night to take Fort Moultrie.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 28.
Fort Moultrie and Pinckney were taken by the Carolina forces last night.

L A T E S T

3 1-2 O'CLOCK P. M.

Mr. Rhett Addresses the Convention.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 28.—Mr. Rhett addressed the Convention in support of the ordinance for forming a Southern confederacy. He said his object was a speedy organization for future protection.

THE GOVERNMENT AT WASHINGTON IN CONSULTATION UPON THE REBELLION IN SOUTH CAROLINA! THE SOUTH CAROLINA COMMISSIONERS DEMAND THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE TROOPS WITH THREATS! PROPOSITION TO IMPEACH THE PRESIDENT!

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The news of the capture of Forts Moultrie and Pinckney, and the evacuation of the Custom House and Post Office, reached the Capital last night.

The South Carolina Commissioners are in conference with the officers of the Government, and demand that the troops shall immediately be withdrawn. Unless this is done, they will return immediately to South Carolina and prepare for the worst. Influential members of Congress have been in consultation as to the duty and expediency of impeaching President Buchanan. If the accounts should be confirmed of the seizure of government forts, it is thought the President will at once be impeached by the House, which act will suspend his functions—and the Senate will proceed to his trial at their convenience. Meanwhile Mr. Breckinridge will assume the lead, and there is little reason to doubt that the whole disposable force of the Government will be put upon a war footing.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.
The Proceedings of the Convention.

Charleston, Dec. 28.—The Convention withdrew all secret obligations yesterday. An ordinance was passed empowering the Governor to receive ambassadors, ministers, consuls, or agents of foreign powers, and to appoint such agents to conduct negotiations with foreign powers, to make treaties with the advice of the Senate, two-thirds of the Senate agreeing with the nominations. Also, to appoint such ambassadors, ministers and consuls, as the General Assembly direct.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.
It is reported that the secessionists of Charleston have taken possession of the telegraph office, and will not allow any despatches to be sent North until they have satisfactorily passed their surveillance. The Tribune's Washington correspondent telegraphs that the populace of Charleston had seized the public property, to retaliate upon the movement of Maj. Anderson; and that the Cabinet consultation was upon that and other points connected with the policy to be pursued.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Dec. 27.—The House Select Committee to-day rejected Rusk's proposition 12 to 15. All the Republicans and Davis, of Maryland, in the negative. The proposition provided for an extension of the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific, south of the line slavery to be protected in the Territories; but when formed into States, to be admitted with or without slavery.

Mr. Bristow offered propositions to-day that of Mr. Nelson is next in order.

The advice from Charleston to-day created intense excitement and a feverish interest in and out of Congress.

Col. Myers and Capt. Donovan, of South

Carolina, and Major Wayne, of Georgia, have resigned. The latter accepts the Adjutant Generalship of his State.

Resignations of South Carolina postmasters continue. They give as a reason that they are out of the Union.

Mr. Thomas, of Tennessee, has been appointed in the place of Mr. Bock, on the investigating Committee. It was expected they would hold some of their meetings in New York.

An address proposing a border slave State Convention at Baltimore, has received many signatures by the representatives of those States.

The Administration having received a dispatch relative to Major Anderson's movements, a Cabinet meeting was called, and was in session several hours, and adjourned till 8 o'clock to-night.

The South Carolina Commissioners have so far received no encouragement as to being received in an official capacity. Their case will probably be submitted to Congress by the President. They have hired quarters with the privilege of retaining them till the 4th of March, thus indicating that they do not apprehend an immediate termination of their business.

A caucus of conservative members is called for to-morrow night. The invitation is to members from Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, Arkansas, Missouri, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa.

An Extra Session of the Kentucky Legislature.

Louisville, Dec. 28.—The Governor has called an extra session of the Legislature for the 17th of January.

Movements in Maryland.

Baltimore, Dec. 28.—A meeting of conservative and influential citizens was held last evening to devise measures necessary for the honor and interests of Maryland. It was private, which led to a report that it was secession in character.

The Kangaroo off Cape Race.

Cape Race, Dec. 28.—The Kangaroo passed this point yesterday. A heavy gale prevented the news yacht from putting out.

Senator Baker's Views on a Pacific Republic.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 27th.—Senator Baker of Oregon, had a public reception here to-day. He made a speech scolding the idea of a Pacific Republic, and said emphatically that the Union should be preserved and the Federal laws executed North and South.

Senator Sumner Lectures in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—Senator Sumner delivered an oration to-night on Lafayette. A large Police force was in attendance, but no demonstrations were made.

Fort Sumpter.—The telegraphic Washington correspondence of the Commercial Advertiser says:

"I am assured, on what I deem very sufficient authority that Fort Sumpter, to which Major Anderson has transferred his command is impregnable, and that this was well demonstrated when the Major abandoned Fort Moultrie."

The Journal of Commerce thinks that the motives which induce the evacuation of Fort Moultrie are fully explained in the following extract from its Washington letter, dated the 24th inst.

"Military men, and among them Gen. Scott, are of the opinion that Fort Moultrie can be defended by the small garrison—sixty men—against any but a large force, unless the attempt be aided by artillery. But it is also understood and well known that Fort Sumpter commands Fort Moultrie, and that it is only necessary for the Carolinians to send a few hundred men into that fort, and from its batteries to destroy Fort Moultrie. There are fifteen guns of larger calibre in Fort Sumpter. These are quite sufficient for the purpose of reducing Fort Moultrie. The fort will undoubtedly be soon taken, unless Government should secure Fort Sumpter."

How the Secession News was Received in Congress.—It is stated that when the news reached the House of Representatives in Washington that South Carolina had seceded from the Union, but three solitary pair of hands greeted the announcement with applause. All the rest of the large assembly on the floor and in the galleries remained perfectly unmoved either way by the news. The effect of their silent calmness made the clapping of the three pair of hands sound more ludicrous than can be imagined by those not present then and there.

Muscul shell fish fasten themselves to piers with a material resembling egg-silk, which resists the force of the most powerful waves. The French engineers at Cherbourg have availed themselves of this faculty of the mussel to bind their great breakwaters. These consist of loose masses of stone, and on them are planted several tons of this shell-fish that they might bind all firmly together with their strong cordage; in this they have succeeded.

Special Notices.

WILLIAM W. SMITH, DENTIST.
Swinburne's Block, 139 Thames St.

ERUPTIONS! SALT RHEUM, ERY SIPLAS.

It is now generally admitted that all eruptive diseases depend upon some internal or constitutional cause, and that to use water or ointments for them is a sure way to impair the system, and thus to drive in, not to cure the disease. But HUNTER'S SPECIFIC HOMOPATHIC SALT RHEUM PILLS are a true specific for all such diseases. They cure Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Erysipelas, Pimples on the face, Ringworm, and Nettle Rash, by curing the cause upon which they depend, and by restoring the skin to the state of health and purity. Thus, not only is the disease cured, but the softness and beauty of the complexion restored.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes, \$1.

Sent by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address: DR. HUNTER'S SALT RHEUM PILLS, No. 662 Broadway, New York.

SOLD BY H. TAYLOR, E. B. BISH, CASWELL, MACK & CO., Newport, W. I. PRATT, Bliss' Four Corners. See advertisement in another column.

Special Notices.

SOMETHING NEW!

FLINY FISKE'S FAMILY COA.

Never before introduced in the New England market. True economy to buy it—at SWINBURN'S. 236 Wharf opposite foot of May St.

If some men seem born to be benefactors of their race, and by some peculiar faculty meet a particular want in the human family, Dr. Ham's mission seems to be to supply a medicine which shall relieve the suffering from their distressing maladies. His Spirit does not give Dyspepsia, Colic, Melancholy and kindred complaints, a ghost of a character.

A FRIEND IN NEED, TRY IT!
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, the great external remedy of the age, prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the celebrated bone-setter, whose fame is unrivalled by that of any other living man. It is a certain and immediate cure for rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, sprains, bruises, cuts, wounds, neuralgia, scalds, piles, lumbago, headache, toothache, and all rheumatic and nervous disorders, external injuries, &c. All sufferers should give it a trial. See advertisement.

CITY COAL YARD.

FAMILY COALS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the choicest markets afford always on hand, and at satisfactory prices. Also all kinds of Wood, Prepared Kindling and Coke.

CHAS. WILLIAMS

MAPLE, OAK, AND SOUTHERN PINE WOOD.

—ALSO—

Prepared Kindling Wood.

Lehigh, Red Ash, Trevorton and Canoe.

COAL.

AT SWINBURN'S

COAL AND WOOD.
OMAN & BRADFORD

Offer at Wholesale and Retail the following varieties of fuel:

English Cannel,	Foreign.
Liverpool Orrel,	
Cumberland,	Bituminous.
Lykens Valley,	Best Bituminous.
Trevorton,	
Finny Flak Family Coal,	Refined Ash.
Blancfort,	
Black Mountain Lehigh,	
Lehigh,	
Donaldson,	
Locust Mountain,	White Ash.
Lockawana,	
Chestnut,	

WALNUT, Oak, Maple and Pine Wood
Charcoal and Coke. For sale by
OMAN & BRADFORD,
Opposite the Custom House.

Offer at Wholesale and Retail the following varieties of fuel:

On account of the deception used by pretenders to the sale of medicines for the use of females, it is requisite for ladies to use a caution in the purchase of them. Taking this view of the case, Dr. Cudworth, No. 4 Orange street, Providence R. I., offers his medicine to the public as the best ever used for females. His Drops and Pills for Suppression or Irregularities, are unsurpassed by any offered to the public. They have water failed in one single case, and can be warranted to perform perfect and permanent cures in the most obstinate cases. His medicines for all other complaints, also stand pre-eminent for their success by curing all who use them.

In the treatment of those complaints peculiar to females Dr. C. acknowledges no superior, and in all cases will warrant a perfect cure from disease or trouble. Ladies seeking medical assistance will do well to consult Dr. Cudworth, No. 181 High street, before calling elsewhere.

N. B.—Ladies can consult Dr. C. by letter, stating symptoms, by addressing as above, and have medicines sent secure from observation. Office open day and evening.
Address D. CUDWORTH, M. D.
Providence, R. I.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Dr. MATTISON attends exclusively to the treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES and the various diseases of WOMEN, at his MEDICAL RESIDENCE, No. 25 Union St., Providence R. I. See his advertisement in THE GREAT INDIAN REFORM FOR FEMALES in this page.

New Advertisements.

NEWPORT BANK.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Bank are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting for the election of the Directors, will be held at their Banking Room, Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1861, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

A semi-annual dividend has been declared, payable on and after Tuesday, Jan. 1, 1861.

H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

"Tempest in a Tea-Pot."
"HUMBURG: WHO IS THE HUMBURG?"

Why, the Proprietor of the temple of fashion.

OUR COMPLIMENTS to the proprietors or the author of the advertisement emanating from the serene by nine Clothing Store.

That your statement is a falsehood, and you speak an untruth when you make the assertion, "The large concern in the middle of the street, with heavy expenses and liabilities on their back," never have paid anything less than dollar for dollar for their goods, unless it was in buying out some of the same class as yourself at 40 cents on the dollar, sometimes less than that; but it should feel very reluctant to make you a clear title to it. We are assured, and are a stranger, and in making your statement, influenced by a fool, and one that possibly, was a large bill that we should like to take 40 cents on the dollar for.

We hope the public will excuse us (not taking any notice of your insinuations, and what we stoop so low as to "throw rotten eggs" shall throw them where they will have some effect.

In the meantime our Overcoats are going with a PERFECT RUHH!!

135 & 137 THAMES STREET.
Proprietors of U. S. CLOTHING STORE.
JOHN BULL, Treasurer.

GOOD BUTTER. 20 cents per pound, better at 23 cents; best at 26 cents, for sale at No. 6 Mill Street, J. C. STANHOPE, Agent.

AQUIDNECK BANK, Newport, R. I.

SEMI ANNUAL DIVIDEND will be paid to the Stockholders in this Bank on and after Tuesday, Jan. 1, 1891.

NEW BOOKS.

GO AND TELL JESUS. by Octavius Winslow. Memoirs of Madame de Staël and Madame Roland, by Mrs. Child.

TEN QUIRES Commercial Note Paper, superfine, for 75 cents, for sale by WM. A. BARBER, 108 Thames Street.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY for sale at the lowest prices, at WM. A. BARBER'S, 108 Thames Street.

THE WINTER CAPS can be found in great variety at 152 Thames Street.

ONE MORE LOT of those For Trained Caps just received at J. H. COZZENS.

YOU CAN FIND a good assortment of Overcoats, prices from \$4 to \$15, at 152 Thames Street. J. H. COZZENS.

SPENCER.

26 THAMES STREET. ISSELLING DIARIES for 1891 at very low prices.

ALL kinds of Memorandum Books, Account Books, Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, &c. of the best make.

Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink and all kinds of Stationery Articles.

Call at SPENCER'S and get fitted out with Stationery at very satisfactory prices.

Spencer's arrangements are such that he can order and procure Books of any kind with despatch.

Books, Music, Stationery and Fancy Goods at No. 96.

HUMBLED! WHO IS THE HUMBLED!

THE PROPRIETORS of THE TEMPLE OF FASHION, 92 Thames Street, beg to assure their kind friends that when they took the lease from their respectable landlord in this city for a term of years, they came here with a stock paid for dollar for dollar, not 40 cents on the dollar, as some would have respectable tradesmen have done. The old motto should have been studied first—"not to throw rotten eggs and expose their quality."

If we choose to give a CHRISTMAS PRESENT to those who buy five dollars' worth, let the public test their honesty of so doing. We wish to establish ourselves, and the present opportunity we have chosen to improve.

HUMBLED! let the public judge who is the humbled! He who advertises every year, clearing out at cost prices? What man of common sense could really believe that a large concern, in the middle of a street, with heavy expenses and liabilities on their back, would honorably sell at cost prices?

We came here as strangers, like most of the tradesmen of this city, and hoped to reside peacefully among you, and pay respect to those who respect us. As such, we are not here to appeal for a public test of our dealing, and let the millions of public opinion be our judge.

'TIS TRUE! 'TIS PITY! 'TIS PITY! 'TIS TRUE!

WHAT THE HEALTH of so many persons is yearly ruined through the neglect of being comfortably clothed.

With this view of the fact, and the hard times approaching, we shall offer, for the benefit of all concerned, our stock of CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS.

AT COST, FOR CASH, for SIXTY DAYS.

We shall not hold forth the inducement held out by a six by nine concern on the street, to make a present of one dollar's worth of merchandise for every five bought! Away with this humbug! Who with common sense believes it? Every present received in this way is dearly paid for.

Our stock is unusually large for the season, and we are determined to reduce it if it can be done at cost, and a great many articles at less than cost. Before you are humbugged with these inducements from strangers among us, call and examine our stock and prices. 425 SWINBURNE & GOFFE.

THE REMAINDER of the stock of Dry Goods, must be closed out this week. The goods will be sold at half price. Come and see for yourselves.

Fine Challis de Indes, 12 1/2 cents, worth 25 cents.

Fine Colored Lawns and Muslins, 8 cents, worth 16 cents.

Best Spool Cotton, 40 cents per dozen.

Fine Linnen Shirt Fronts, very low.

Embroidered Table Cloths, very low.

Best Gold Eye Needles, 7 papers for 25 cts.

Embroidered Collars, 7 cents each.

Also a few very nice Wool Flannels at prices to suit the times.

CLARKE & DENHAM, 425 for the Assignee.

NOTICE.

JOHN M. SWAN respectfully notifies his customers that his bills are now ready, and those remaining uncalled for on Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1891, will then be presented for settlement. All having demands will please present them for settlement.

DUTCH CHEESE. Fine Apple Cheese and English Dairy Cheese, all of the best quality, just received by R. S. BARKER, 163 Thames Street.

PIPES AND TOBACCO.

CORNDRAN. A very cheap article for feeding, on one cent per pound, for sale at the mill or store of

PERRY & STEVENS.

HEAVY CLOTH.

FOUR LADIES' CLOAKS, at low price, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

HANDSPUN FLANNEL. 38 inches wide, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

FANCY GOODS.

OPENING at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

TAPESTRY WORSTED. A new supply of all colors, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

SKIRTS.

LADIES' MERINO SKIRTS. Quilted do, white and colored, Hoop do, Misses' do, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

CHEAP LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS. at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames Street.

LADIES' FURS.

REPAIRED in the best manner at 114 Thames Street, by JACOB WEAVER.

DOVER POTATOES. A few more of these fine Potatoes in store and for sale by

HURRAH FOR CHRISTMAS.

DON'T FAIL call at Sisson's, (on the Hill), and take a look at the Holiday presents, of which he has a great variety, together with Ice Cream, Jellies, Cakes, Confectionery, &c.

N. B. The shop will be open on Thursday next, when the Grab Bags, consisting of an endless variety of Toys and other articles, will be put in operation. Come one, come all, and make a grab.

WALNUT WOOD!

JUST LANDED. a small cargo Walnut Wood. Customers depending on us for their supply, will please leave their orders at once, as the quantity in the market is very limited.

CHEAP CALICO.

ANOTHER LOT of handsome Dark Prints at 8 cents a yard, at

LADIES' FLEECED CAUNELITS. 25 cents a pair, at C. W. TURNER'S, 126 Thames Street.

A FINE lot of Ladies' Snow Boots, with and without heels just received at

ELEGANT ILLUSTRATED BOOKS for Christmas and New Year's Presents: Oriental Annual, Token, Mignonette, Lady's and Gentleman's Mirror of Fashion, etc., for sale by

AMARANTH CALICOES.

ONE CASE handsome Amaranth Calicoes, fast colors, at 10 cents, at

MINK FURS.

LAWTON BROTHERS will open this day Mink Capes, Victorines and Muffs.

MISSIE'S BEAVER HATS.

TRIMMED and untrimmed, now selling at cost, for cash, at 114 Thames Street, by JACOB WEAVER.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

JAPAN AERIAL TUP. rises 100 feet; Memorials of Thomas Hood; Musical Instruments. a great and fresh variety; Dissected Maps; Opera Don Giovanni, Lucia di Lammermoor, Norma, with Italian and English text; Opera Norma, as a piano solo; Gyroscopes, Tops, silver-plated, an elegant article; Oratorio, Creation, Moses in Egypt, The Seasons; Home Circle, an excellent collection of piano music; a beautiful Piccolo, in elegant case; Interesting Games; Fine set of Chessmen, can be found at the City Music Store. d13 T. W. WOOD.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

BRIGHT COLORS. at \$1.25 each, at

BARGAINS IN CALICOES. Another lot of 5 cent prints received at 126 Thames Street. d13 C. W. TURNER.

DIARIES FOR 1891.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Diaries for 1891, for sale at wholesale prices, by

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

THE TALENTED AUTHOR of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" commences a new romance in the January number of the Independent.

Horace Greeley, Bayard Taylor, Rev. Dr. T. W. Wood, Rev. T. O. Cuyler and Henry Ward Beecher are regular contributors. Subscriptions received by

SPLENDID ENGRAVING of Washington Irving for sale at the City Music Store; a new and beautiful picture, call and see it.

WASHINGTON AND EVERETT.

Clothing, &c.

CALL FOR YOUR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

AND

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS

AT THE

"Temple of Fashion,"

92 Thames Street.

THE PROPRIETORS, at their NEW CLOTHING STORE, consisting of

Beaver and Seal Skin Overcoats, Pilot and Duck Overcoats, Fine Dress and Business Coats, Pants and Vests of every variety,

beg respectfully to tender their most sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Newport and its vicinity, for the liberal support they have received since they opened their store of Gent's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishing Goods, 92 Thames Street, and beg most respectfully to assure their friends that it will be their constant study to please them. The proprietors will give a Christmas Present and New Year's Gift of

ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH to all those who will buy goods to the amount of five dollars.

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, OVERCOATS, JACKETS and PANTS. A large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS

WINTER GLOVES for men and boys—the largest stock in town, can be found at 162 Thames Street.

OVERCOATS for men and boys—a new stock just received at 152 Thames Street.

HATS and CAPS—one more lot now opening and for sale low, one price.

UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS in great variety, some extra sizes, also a large stock of furnishing goods, now selling very low; one price. d12 J. H. COZZENS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!!

CONSISTING of Mink, Stone Marten, Fitch and Mountain Marten, Capes, Muffs and Cuffs, are now offered at a reduced price for CASH, at 114 Thames Street, by

FOUR BEAVER CLOTHES. A few more pieces of these beautiful Fur Beaver Cloths, for ladies and gentlemen's wear, have been received and for sale cheap at

GENTS' WINTER GLOVES. A large lot of lined Berlin and Woolen Gloves that will be sold cheap at

OVER COATINGS. Another lot just received, at

BEAVER CLOTHS for Ladies' Cloaks just received, by

CASSIMERS.

ANOTHER lot now style Double Twilled Cassimere, fine and nice, now opening

CLOTHS and CASSIMERS for Business Suits; a large and desirable assortment (just received) by

Dry Goods.

CHEAP CLOAKING.—Another supply of Black Tricot for Cloaks, at the same low prices as before, received this day by

NEW CLOAKS.

A NEW LOT of Cloaks opened yesterday, at

CHEAP FURS FOR CHILDREN.

SETS of Imitation Fur for Children, at a very low price to close the lot. Also a lot of Rock Marten Cuffs, at half price.

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

ONE CASE Superior Balmoral Skirts, of full size, and handsome patterns; also some for Misses—at \$1.50 each, that are cheap, at

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

LADIES' Extra size Balmoral.

HOISERY.

LADIES' Misses' and Children's White and Colored Merino and All Wool Hoisery, at

CASHMERE and DELAINE.

NEW PATTERNS, at

TRAVELING BAGS, Porte Manteaux, Purse, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Hair Toots, Goggles and Nail Brushes, and other Fancy Goods,

Apothecaries' Goods.

CEPHALIC PILLS, just received fresh from the manufacturer, (see advertisement) for sale by

CAMPION ICE and GLYCERINE, for chapped hands, sore lips, &c., by

GLYCERINE CREAM, for roughness of the skin, chapped hands and lips, by

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a large supply of Patent Medicines from the manufacturers, which we sell at their prices, wholesale and retail; among which are the following:

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Extract Sarsaparilla, Cathartic Pills, Burnett's Cocaine, Kalliston, Oak Tooth Wash

Oxygonated Bitters, Keady's Discovery, Sanford's Liver Invigorator, Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy, Langley's Root and Herb Bitters, pt. & qt. Sweet's Infallible Liniment, large & small, Clarke's Cherry Wine Bitters, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, all sizes, Ham's Invigorating Spirit, large & small, Hyatt's Infallible Life Balm.

HERMAN'S ELIXIR OF CALISAYA Balm, at 168 R. J. TAYLOR'S.

LADIES' CASSIMERE GLOVES, very cheap, at CHAS. W. TURNER'S, 126 Thames Street.

FOR RENT.—That fine lot of land on the corner of Galvin's Garden, on Spring and Ferry Streets, for a kitchen garden. Apply to

A LARGE LOT of Men's Rubber Boots, just received at 140 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED.—Another lot of those cheap Balmoral Boots with double soles, for ladies' wear, at 24 SEABURY'S.

JUST RECEIVED.—A splendid assortment of Prints and Engravings.

NEW RAISINS.—in whole, half and quarter boxes, at CORNELL'S, 17 and 19 Broad Street & 1 Spring.

Miscellaneous.

LADIES' FURS.

JUST RECEIVED. a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Furs, consisting of Mink, Stone Marten, Fitch and River Sable, in Capes, Tippets, Victorines, Muffs and Cuffs at 114 Thames Street. 220 JACOB WEAVER.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

JUST RECEIVED.—a large assortment of Gents' Hats, also youth's and children's, at 114 Thames Street. JACOB WEAVER.

MISSIE'S BEAVER HATS.

JUST RECEIVED.—at 114 Thames Street by 220 JACOB WEAVER.

SOMETHING NEW. is a new and beautiful Parlor Stove, a perfect smoke and gas burner, and is warranted to throw out more heat, with the same amount of fuel, than any other stove known in use. Sold by GEORGE SHARROCK, 234 Thames Street.

Ladies' Balmoral Boots.

THE ladies are respectfully invited to call in at 100 Thames St., and examine the beautiful lot of custom made double sole Balmoral Boots, just received by

CHEAPER!

J. M. SWAN has just received from Boston a lot of Ladies' Double Sole Boots, which he can sell at lower prices. One lot at \$2 per pair. Give him a call at

FOR SALE.—Pew 46, North Aisle of Trinity Church. For terms, &c., apply at this office.

NEW YORK AND NEWPORT.

THE SLOOP WILLARD, Capt. Turner, Carr, Jr., Master, will run regularly between New York and Newport, taking freight at the lowest rates. Orders may be left with Messrs. T. & J. Coggeshall, Commercial Wharf.

ISLAND HOUSE.

BOARD can be obtained at the Island House, for the Autumn and Winter months. C. B. WILBOLD, Proprietor.

WANTED.

AT THE FURNITURE MANUFACTORY of J. L. & G. A. HAZARD, 23 Church Street, three first class Cabinet Makers, and one Chair and Sofa Frame Maker. None but the best workmen need apply.

A FEW PAIR of NICE BLANKETS, for sale cheap, at

HOISERY of all kinds cheap, at

LOBBERRY COAL.

THIS DAY DISCHARGING from schooner Isabel, by d10 C. WILLIAMS.

SLATE STONE, for sale by

YOU CAN BUY A DIARY for 8 cents, at

NEW PAPER HANGINGS.

FOR 1891. Another lot just received at

Groceries, Fruits, &c.

DRY FLOWERS, Bouquets, at

CREEPING JENNIE, in coils, by the yard, at

PAPER-SHELL ALMONDS, Pekans, Castles, Filberts, &c., at

HAVANA ORANGES, French and Malaga Lemons, for sale at

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!! Figs! Figs!! Figs!!! 20, 30, 40, 60, and 60 cents per drum, for sale at

CANBERRIES, fresh supply, at

SWEET POTATOES, new lot, at

APPLES.—Lady, Pearsain, Striped, Spiced, Gillflowers, Spitzbergen, Baldwin's, at

CELERY, fine, at

WREATHS, in large quantities, for Christmas, for sale at

Fine Table Butter.

MILTON HALL has just received from the country, 160 kirkas and tubs of

CHOICE BUTTER from the best dairies in the State of New York, and for sale at reduced prices. d14-4v

CHEAP RAISINS.—at CORNELL'S, 17 and 19 Broad and 1 Spring St.

POPCORN for sale at

FLOUR.

JUST RECEIVED 100 bbls extra superfine flour, at wholesale and retail, at

100 BOXES Layer, at R. Valencia and Sultana Raisins, this day received by

THIS DAY RECEIVED—50 bushels prime Hickory Nuts, by

COOKING PRUNES.—prime article—this day received by

SWEET HAVANA ORANGES and Sicily Lemons, just received by

1 BARREL prime new Smoked Beef, at

NEW FIGS and RAISINS.

JUST RECEIVED.—boxes new Figs, whole and quarters of New Raisins, for sale cheap, by

200 BARRELS SPITZENBERG and Gillflower Apples, just received and for sale low, by

150 BBLs OF BALTIMORE, Ohio and Genesee Flour in store and for sale by

NEW CROP NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, and for sale cheap at

FOR SALE.

AT THE WHOLESALE STORE, No. 4 and 212 Thames Street, corner of Franklin Street, opposite the Custom House, Newport, R. I.

The largest and finest assortment of Meerchaum and French Brer Root Pipes and Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Tobacco Pouches and Boxes, Snuff Boxes, &c., English, French and Scotch Clay Pipes, in the city. Smokers and chewers would do well to call. Also on hand the following named articles:

Young America, Nonpareil Pig, Chimney, Aloes Rose, Florence, Nonpareil, Anchor, Sweet Scented, Onocoma, Mount Vernon, Consoler, Fanny Fern, Golden Bar, Magnolia, Redwile, Lenora, Scotch Macanby, Rappee, High Teast, Fine old Wines, Champagnes, Syrops, Cordials, Bitters, &c., fine old Brandy, Holland, Gin, Wolf's Genuine Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps, and Liquors generally.

Agents for the Columbia Brewery Co.'s Pale and Amber Ale and Porter. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of expense. WM. ALDERSON & CO. Proprietors.

JUST RECEIVED.

W. & P. BRYER'S, 15 Broad, and 3 Spring Streets.

50 bbls Manhattan Flour,

25 bbls " " " Imbuqua,

25 bbls Refined Sugar, "

10 boxes Havana do,

15 bbls New Orleans Molasses,

25 half chests O. Tea,

POOR RICHARD'S EYE WATER, is offered to the public: it will cure more cases of weak and inflamed eyes than any now in use. For sale at Apothecaries' Hall.

HAVER AND PILOT CLOTH, for sale at

TO LET.

THE pleasantly situated house on the corner of Spring and John streets. For further particulars apply to

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

